

Tasman Extension Project Environmental Impact Statement

SECTION 9

ABBREVIATIONS, ACRONYMS AND GLOSSARY





9 ABBREVIATIONS, ACRONYMS AND GLOSSARY		Cessnock LEP	Cessnock Local Environmental Plan, 1989
		Cessnock LEP 2011	Cessnock Local Environmental Plan, 2011
9.1 ABBREVIATONS AND ACRONYMS		CHPP	Coal Handling and Preparation Plant
ACARP	Australian Coal Association Research Program	cm	centimetre
ADG Code	-	CO _{2-e}	carbon dioxide equivalent
ADG COU	of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail	CSIRO	Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation
AEMR	Annual Environmental Management Report	dBA	A-weighted decibel
AHD	Australian Height Datum	DCCEE	Commonwealth Department of Climate Change and Energy Efficiency
AHIMS	Aboriginal Heritage Information Management System	DEC	NSW Department of Environment and Conservation (now OEH)
ALC Ambient A	Air- National Environment Protection (Ambient Air Quality) Measure	DECC	NSW Department of Environment and Climate Change (now OEH)
ANZECC	Australian and New Zealand Environment Conservation Council	DECCW	NSW Department of Environment, Climate Change and Water (now OEH and NOW)
		DGRs	Director-General's Requirements
ANZMEC	Australia and New Zealand Minerals and Energy Council	DgS	Ditton Geotechnical Services
Approved Methods	Approved Methods for the Modelling and Assessment of Air Pollutants	DMR	NSW Department of Mineral Resources
AS	Australian Standard	DNRM	Queensland Department of Natural Resources and Mines
AUSRIVA	S Australian River Assessment System	Donaldson Coal	Donaldson Coal Pty Limited
AWS	automatic weather station	DoP	NSW Department of Planning (now DP&I)
BFMC	Bush Fire Management Committee	DP&I	NSW Department of Planning and Infrastructure
Bloomfield	d Bloomfield Collieries Pty Limited	DPI	NSW Department of Primary Industries
BoM	Commonwealth Bureau of Meteorology	DPI-MR	NSW Department of Primary Industries – Mineral Resources
CCC	Community Consultative Committee	DRE	(now DRE) Division of Resources and Energy
CCL	Consolidated Coal Lease	DILL	Division of Resources and Energy
CEO	Chief Executive Officer		





DTIRIS	NSW Department of Trade and Investment, Regional	HMP	Heritage Management Plan
B.U.B	Infrastructure and Services	Hunter-Central Rivers CMA	Hunter-Central Rivers Catchment Management Authority
DUAP	NSW Department of Urban Affairs and Planning (now DP&I)	HVAS	High Volume Air Sampler
EA	Environmental Assessment	ICOMOS	International Council on Monuments and Sites
EC	electrical conductivity	IEA	International Energy Agency
EDAW	EDAW Australia Pty Ltd	Infrastructure	State Environmental Planning
EDG	Environmental Design Guideline	SEPP	Policy (Infrastructure) 2007
EEC	endangered ecological community	INP	NSW Industrial Noise Policy
EEO Act	Commonwealth Energy Efficiency Opportunities Act, 2006	km	kilometre
EIS	Environmental Impact Statement	km ²	square kilometre
EL	·	km/hr	kilometres per hour
	Exploration Licence	kt	kilotonne
EPA	NSW Environment Protection Authority	kV	kilovolt
EP&A Act	NSW Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979	L_Aeq	equivalent continuous noise level
EP&A	NSW Environmental Planning and	Lake Macquarie LEP	Lake Macquarie Local Environmental Plan 2004
Regulation	Assessment Regulation, 2000	LALC	Local Aboriginal Land Council
EPBC Act	Commonwealth Environment Protection and Biodiversity	L _{AN}	noise exceedance level
	Conservation Act, 1999	LEP	local environmental plan
EPL	Environment Protection Licence	LFA	Landscape Function Analysis
ERA	Environmental Risk Assessment	LGA	Local Government Area
ESD	ecologically sustainable	LIDAR	light detection and ranging
	development	m	metre
FM Act	NSW Fisheries Management Act, 1994	М	million
FOC	fibre optic cable	m^3	cubic metre
GCL	Gloucester Coal Ltd	MCA	Minerals Council of Australia
GHG Protocol	Greenhouse Gas Protocol	MDG	Mine Design Guideline
g/m ² /month	grams per square metre per month	mg/L	milligrams per litre
ha	hectare	Mining SEPP	State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007
НВ	handbook		
טו ו			





ML	megalitre	Orica	Orica Australia Pty Limited
ML	Mining Lease	PAD	potential archaeological deposit
MLA	Mining Lease Application	РНА	Preliminary Hazard Analysis
ML/day	megalitres per day		particulate matter less than 2.5
mm	millimetre	PM ₁₀	micrometres in size particulate matter less than 10 micrometres in size
mm/m	millimetres per metre	PoEO Act	NSW Protection of the
MOP	Mining Operations Plan	POEU ACT	Environment Operations Act, 1997
MREMP	Mining, Rehabilitation and Environmental Management Process	REMP	Rehabilitation and Environmental Management Plan
MRRT	Minerals Resources Rent Tax	RFS	Rural Fire Service
MSB	Mine Subsidence Board	RMP	Rehabilitation Management Plan
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet	RMS	NSW Roads and Maritime Services
Mt	million tonne	ROM	run-of-mine
Mtpa m/s	million tonnes per annum metres per second	RTA	NSW Roads and Traffic Authority (now RMS)
NGA Factors	National Greenhouse Accounts	SCZ	subsidence control zone
NGER Act	Factors July 2011 Commonwealth National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Act, 2007	SEPP SEPP 33	State Environmental Planning Policy NSW State Environmental
NGERS	National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting System	62.1 66	Planning Policy No. 33 – Hazardous and Offensive Development
NOW	NSW Office of Water	SEPP 44	NSW State Environmental
NPWS	NSW National Parks and Wildlife Service		Planning Policy No. 44 – Koala Habitat Protection
NSESD	National Strategy for Ecologically Sustainable Development	SEPP 55	State Environmental Planning Policy No. 55 – Remediation of Land
NSW	New South Wales	SEWPaC	PaC Commonwealth Department of Sustainability, Environment, Water, Population and Communities
NTSCORP	Native Title Services Corporation Limited		
NTU	nephelometric turbidity unit	SMP	Subsidence Management Plan
NZS	New Zealand Standard	SP Solutions	Safe Production Solutions
OEH			





State and State Environmental Planning Regional Development

Policy (State and Regional

Development) 2011 **SEPP**

the Minister NSW Minister for Planning and

Infrastructure

the Project Tasman Extension Project

tpa tonnes per annum

TSC Act **NSW Threatened Species**

Conservation Act, 1995

TSP total suspended particulate

Umwelt Umwelt (Australia) Pty Ltd

VCP Vegetation Clearance Protocol

WBCSD World Business Council for

Sustainable Development

WRI World Resources Institute

degree

°C degrees Celsius

% percent

µg/m³ micrograms per cubic metre

μm micrometre

µS/cm microSiemens per centimetre

GLOSSARY 9.2

A direct entry to a coal seam

exposed at the surface either by seam outcrop, excavation, or the high wall of an open cut.

Alluvial

Adit

A general term for clay, silt, sand and gravel transported by water and deposited, on the bed of a

flood plain, river or stream.

Ambient air quality

The all-encompassing air quality

associated with a given

environment. It is the cumulative result of emissions (e.g. dust, particulates) from many sources,

both near and far.

Amenity

Useful and enjoyable quality.

Aquatic

Living in or on water, or

concerning water.

Aquifer

A sub-surface rock formation

containing water in recoverable

quantities.

Background

The condition (e.g. noise levels) already present in an area before

the commencement of a specific

activity.

Baseflow

The discharge of sub-surface water into a stream (i.e. groundwater seepages).

Baseline monitoring

Monitoring conducted over time to

collect a body of information to define specific characteristics of an area (e.g. species occurrence

or noise levels) prior to commencement of a specific

activity.

Biological diversity

The diversity of different species

of plants, animals and

micro-organisms, including the genes they contain, in the ecosystem of which they are part.

Catchment

The entire land area from which water (e.g. rainfall) drains to a specific watercourse or water

body.

Conveyor

Fixed mechanical apparatus consisting of a continuous moving belt used to transport coal from

one place to another.





Cross-section

A two-dimensional diagram of an object presented as if the object had been cut along its length.

dΒ

Decibel; unit used to express

sound intensity.

dBA

Decibels (A-weighted scale); unit used for most measurements of environmental noise; the scale is based upon typical responses of the human ear to sounds of different frequencies.

dBL

Linear decibels; measurable effect of an event (e.g. blast) on air pressure including measurement of generated energy which is below the limit of

human hearing.

Drift

A sloping entry from the surface which is driven at an incline to access or intersect a coal seam

Dyke

A sheetlike vertical intrusion of igneous rock cutting across the strata of older rocks.

Ecologically Sustainable Development (ESD)

Development that improves the quality of life, in a way that maintains the ecological processes on which life depends.

Ecosystem

An interacting system of animals, plants, other organisms and non-living parts of the environment.

Electrical Conductivity (EC)

The ability of a substance (either solid, liquid or gas) to transmit

electricity.

Emission

The discharge of a substance (e.g. dust) into the environment.

Endemic

Native plant or animal restricted to a specific locality or geographic region.

Fault

Major fracture of the earth's crust caused by the relative movement of the rock masses on either side.

Floristics

The study of the geography of plants, particularly their distribution at different taxonomic levels, i.e. family, genus and species. Patterns of distribution are interpreted in terms of climatic and anthropogenic influence, but above all in terms of earlier continental configurations and migration routes.

Greenhouse gases

Gases with potential to cause climate change (e.g. methane, carbon dioxide and non-methane volatile organic compounds). Usually expressed in terms of carbon dioxide equivalent.

Groundwater

All waters occurring below the land surface; the upper surface of the soils saturated by groundwater in any particular area is called the watertable.

Habitat

The particular local environment occupied by an organism.

Hydraulic properties

Parameters which measure the rate at which water moves through a soil/rock mass.

Igneous

A rock which originated as molten magma from beneath the earth's surface and subsequently came to the surface as an extrusion, or remained below ground as an intrusion.





Income

The amount of money or its equivalent received during a period of time in exchange for labour or services, from the sale of goods or property, or as profit from financial investments.

Indirect Regional Output

The gross value of business turnover that arises in other enterprises through production-induced linkages (other businesses supplying inputs to production) and consumption-induced linkages (other businesses supplying goods and services demand by employees of the enterprise).

Infrastructure

The supporting installations and services that supply the needs of the Project.

In-situ

A term used to distinguish material (e.g. soils, minerals, fossils, etc.) found in its original position of formation, deposition, or growth, as opposed to transported material.

Inter-generational equity

That the present generation should ensure that the health, diversity and productivity of the environment is maintained or enhanced for the benefit of future generations.

Intra-generational equity

The concept that the present generation should ensure that the health, diversity and productivity of the environment is maintained or enhanced for the benefit of their own generation.

L_{Aeq}

The equivalent continuous noise level – the level of noise equivalent to the energy-average of noise levels occurring over a measurement period.

Land capability

A method of land use assessment used to estimate the ability of the land to support a particular land use. Classification is based on an assessment of the land's biophysical characteristics.

Macroinvertebrate

Larger invertebrates (animals without backbones) which can be studied without a microscope.

Permeability

The ability of a rock or soil to allow fluid to pass through it.

pΗ

A measure of the degree of acidity or alkalinity of a solution; expressed numerically (logarithmically) on a scale of 1 to 14, on which 1 is most acid, 7 is neutral, and 14 is most basic (alkaline).

Population

A group of individuals of one species in an area.

Portal

The surface entry or exit point of an underground access passage.

Potable water

Water of quality suitable for human consumption.

Recharge

The addition of water to an aquifer, directly from the surface, indirectly from the unsaturated zone, or by discharge from overlying or underlying aquifer systems.

Rehabilitation

The restoration of a landscape and especially the vegetation following its disturbance.

Relative humidity

The ratio of actual moisture in the air to the amount the air could hold if saturated, at a given temperature.





Remnant vegetation

Native vegetation remaining after widespread clearing has taken

place.

Riparian

Pertaining to, or situated on, the bank of a body of water, especially a watercourse such as

a river.

Run-of-mine (ROM)

Raw coal, stockpiled and used to feed the crusher in a coal handling and preparation plant.

Runoff

A portion of precipitation (rain, hail and snow) that flows across the ground surface as water.

Salinity

The total content of dissolved solids in groundwater or surface water, commonly expressed as parts of dissolved solids per million parts of solution, or milligrams of dissolved solids per litre of solution (mg/L).

Seepage

Liquid or fluid such as water, seeping or flowing from beneath the ground to the surface.

Shaft

A vertical entry to a coal seam or seams.

Spontaneous combustion

Self heating and ignition of a combustible material such as coal.

Stratigraphic

Stratigraphy – The branch of geology concerned with the origin, composition, sequence, and correlation of rock strata.

Subsidence effect

The deformation of the ground mass caused by underground mining, including all mining-induced ground movements such as vertical and horizontal displacements and curvature measured as tilts and strains.

Subsidence impact

Physical changes to the ground and its surface caused by subsidence effects.

Substrate

An underlying layer (e.g. of sediment under water).

Terrestrial

Living or growing on the land.

Total suspended particulates (TSP)

Particulate matter suspended in solution of air.

Total suspended solids (TSS)

A common measure used to determine suspended solids concentrations in a waterbody and expressed in terms of mass per unit of volume (e.g. milligrams per litre).

Value-added

The difference between the value of a firm's output and the cost of the inputs of raw materials, components or services brought in to produce that output.

Ventilation Shaft

An opening on the land surface down to the underground workings in which fresh air is introduced or ventilation air is exhausted.



